

# INFORMATION

For Dame Helenor, Isobel, and Margaret Nicolson, Sir John Schaw of Greenock, Sir James Dumbar of Mochrum, and Mr. Thomas Nicolson younger of Balcaskie their Husbands.

*Sir Thomas Nicolson of Tillicultrie*

**T**He Estate of Carnock and Plane being purchased by Sir Thomas Nicolson, he settled the same in favours of himself and his Heirs whatomever, and Sir Thomas his eldest Son having succeeded as his Heir of Line, and being Minor, lest he might be injured by his Transactions, and that he might be governed and advised by his Friends, he choises Sir Thomas Hope of Craighall, Sir Alexander Gibson of Durie, Sir John Hope younger of Craighall, Sir James Foulis of Collington, Sir Lewis Stuart of Kirkhill, Sir James Nicolson of Cockburn-peth, John Nicolson of Poltoun, Mr. Thomas Nicolson Advocat, and Mr. James Baird, and Mr. Robert Nicolson Commissars of Edinburgh to be his Curators, whereupon there is an Act extracted under the hand of the Commissar-Clerk of Edinburgh, dated the 24 day of April 1646 years.

Sir Thomas Nicolson while Minor enters into a Contract of Marriage with Lady Margaret Livingston, Daughter to the Earl of Linlithgow, whereby he provides his Estate to the Heirs-Male of that Marriage, and obliges him and his Heirs-male and Successors whatsoever, to pay Portions to the Daughters of that Marriage, but this Contract though it bear with his Curators consent, yet it is not subscribed by them.

Sir Thomas Nicolson of Tillicultrie serves himself Heir-male in general to the said deceased Sir Thomas the Contracter, and the said Sir Thomas his Daughters, who were served Heirs of Line in special, and infest to Sir Thomas Nicolson, thereafter Lord Napier their Nephew Raile a Process against the said Tillicultrie, for declaring the Right of the foresaid Estate to belong to them as Heirs of Line, conform to their special Retour and Infestment, and that by the foresaid Minut of Contract, there was no Alteration of the Succession from the Heirs whatsoever to the Heirs male, and that the Minut was Null being entered into by a Minor having Curators, without their consent, and the said Tillicultrie raises a Counter-declarator at his instance against them, for declaring the Estate to belong to him as Heir-male, because by the foresaid Contract, the same is provided to the Heirs-male of the Marriage, and in all the Obligements upon Sir Thomas, he obliges his Heirs-male in performance, which he would never have done if he had not designed them to have succeeded to his Estate.

These mutual Processes being long and fully debate, and much retarded by Tillicultrie, by the then prevailing influence, even to that rate, that the late King interposed when the Process was to be advised by the Lords, and by his Warrant caused his Advocat take up the same, where it lodged till the present Establishment of the Session, that the Action being again wakned, and of new fully heard and debate; The Lords found and declared, that there was no Alteration or Change of the Succession and former Settlement of the Estate of Carnock and Plain provided to Heirs whatsoever, from the saids Heirs whatsoever, to, and in favours of Heirs male, either exprest in, or imported by the foresaid Minut of Contract Matrimonial, betwixt the said Sir Thomas Nicolson and Lady Margaret Livingston, or yet exprest in, or imported by the Bond of Provision granted by the said Sir Thomas Nicolson to the said Helenor, Isobel Anna and Margaret Nicolson his Daughters, and found and declared that the said deceased Sir Thomas Nicolson was Minor, the time of entering unto the foresaid Minut of Contract, and that the said Minut was entered into without his Curators subscribing the same; and that it is proven by the Act of Curatory produced; that the said Sir Thomas had Curators at the time, and that by the said Contract, the said Sir Thomas could not without Advice and Consent of his Curators alter the former Settlement of his Estate provided in favours of his Heirs whatomever, to a Tailzie in favours of the Heirs-male: And that the foresaid Deed and alteration, albeit it had imported a Tailzie and Alteration of the Succession, which

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it did not, was void and null, and therefore found and declared that the said *Helenor, Isobel* and *Margaret Nicolson*, Heirs Portioners of Line, in special served and retoured to the said *Thomas Lord Napier*, and their Husbands forefaids for their Interests, have good and undoubted Right to the Lands and Baronie of *Carnock and Plain*, as the Decreet extracted thereupon, of the date the 3d day of *Feb.* 1691 years more fully bears.

*Sir Thomas Nicolson* of *Tillicoultry* having protested for remeid of Law against the foresaid Sentence though several sessions of Parliament have been since, yet he never insisted therein, but the Heirs of Line were necessitat to apply to the Parliament, and procure a Warrant for citing him to insist upon the grounds of his Appeal, which after he had much waved, was at last given in, and both Parties heard before the Committee for Privat Affairs.

The said *Sir Thomas* Procurators first urged, that the Contract was a plain Alteration of the Succession of that Estate from the Heirs whatsoever to the Heirs-male, and so that he was lased by the Lords Interloquitor, for by the Contract he provides his Lady to the Baronie of *Plane*, and takes her bound to pay to his Heir-male what the said Baronie pays more than four thousand merks of yearly Rent. 2. He obliges his Heir-male and Successors in Warrandice of the said provision. 3. He obliges himself to provide his Estate to the Heirs-male of the Marriage, and obliges the Heir-male in payment of particular Sums to the Daughters of that Marriage, and that the Contract should be extended by advice of Men of Law; from all which he alledged that it was evident, that by that Contract it was designed that the Estate should go to the Heirs-male, as was the common Custom of ancient Feus.

It is Answered for the Heirs of Line, That the Succession to Lands is determined by the Tenor of the former Infeftments, and which no design nor resolution can alter, without an plain Resignation or Obligement to that effect: And it is not contraverted but *Sir Thomas Nicolson* the Acquirers Infeftment is to the Heirs whatsoever, and so the Service and Retour of the Heirs of Line, as Heirs to the Lord *Napeir* their Nephew, is conform and agreeable to the Infeftments of that Estate; and so declares and compleats their Right, unless an plain Obligement or Resignation to the contrair did appear. And as to the Contract produced and debated upon, there is not the least shaddow of change or alteration therein exprest or imported, for though the Contract obleige the Heirs Male, yet that is nothing, because all Debtors and Obligants, both in their Provisions to their Ladies, and their Bonds to their Creditors, bind their Heirs, as well Male of Tailzie, Conquest and Provision, as of Line, which is in order to the Creditors security, but has no relation or design to alter the Succession of the person Bonud, and it does not import, that by the same Contract the *overplus* Rent is to be payed to the Heir Male, because by the Contract. he provided the Estate to the Heir Male of that Marriage, who exhisted, and who thereby had right to that *overplus* Rent, so that two things are necessarily to be considered: 1. That no Design to make a Tailze doth import a Tailzie, and therefore although the Contract had born, that the Contracter designed to have tailzied his Estate, which is not done, or by any Write under his Hand, had exprest such an Intention, yet if there had been no exprest Obligement upon him and his Heirs whatsoever, in favours of himself, and his Heirs of Tailzie, no Lawyer will assert that there is a Tailzie implied, for Tailzies being a cutting off the Natural and Legal Line of Succession, are not to be drawn from Conjectures or Intentions, but from positive Deeds, and the truth is, this Contract being written upon the supposition and mistake that the ancient Securities were to Heirs Male, by the direction of a *Minor*, ignorant of his Affairs, without consent of his Curators, does not so much as import a remot intention to change the course of Succession. 2. All that in sense can be thought to be imported by that Minut, has happened and is fulfilled; *Sir Thomas Nicolson* had an Heir Male of that Marriage, who was likewise Heir of Line, and succeeded him, and the Lord *Napeir* succeeded to him again as Heir of Line; And since there was no Obligement upon the Heir Male, of that Marriage, or this Heir of Line to transmit his Estate to his Heirs Male, the Law did convey it to his Heirs of Line.

Whereas it was alledged that he took his Heirs Male bound to pay Portions to his Daughters, which is an Demonstration that he did not design his Daughters to succeed.

It was Answerd, that he having married the Earl of *Linlithgows* Daughter, the Earl and his Friends thought it reasonable, that the whole Estate should go to the Heirs of that Marriage, but that being refused by *Sir Thomas*, it has been concerted, that the Estate should go to the Heirs Male of that Marriage, And in case these failzied, and that *Sir Thomas* had Heirs Male of another Marriage, whereby the Daughters would be secluded from Succession, therefore he bound his Heirs Male in payment of the Portions to his Daughters; and *de facto*, his Son *Sir Thomas* did succeed; And after *Sir Thomas* the Contracter is forty Years of age, gives an Bond of Provision in favours of these Daughters, whereby he binds his Heirs whatsoever, which is a sufficient Document that he neither understood nor designed any alteration of his Succession by the former contract, which could not be done but *habili modo*, by plain obligement to that purpose and resignation.

What ever Reason there might be where Feus were granted gratuitously for Military Service, that the Masculine Line should succeed, yet this being *feudum novum* purchased by *Sir Thomas Nicolson*, to him, and his Heirs, whatsoever the Tenor of his Infeftment is the Rule of Succession, and takes of all Presumption in favours of the Heir-male. It



It were tedious and unnecessary to make Commentaries upon all the several Clauses of the Contract wherein mention is made of Heirs-male, seeing the most considerable Clauses have been already taken notice of, and the repeating of Heirs-male so often, did partly proceed from the mistake of the first Infeiments, and partly from the exprels Intention that the Contracter had; that his own Heirs-male, tho of an other Marriage, should succeed before his Daughters of the Marriage with my Lady Margaret Livingstoun, and it is not to be imagined, that the Ladies Honourable Relations would have agreed to any settlement, whereby the Daughters of that Marriage would have been excluded from Succession, if Sir Thomas had died without Male Issue, and if the Contracter had had any such design, it had been easie in the Course of twenty years life that followed afterwards, to have completed it, which he never did.

As there is no alteration of the Succession exprest, or imported from this Contract, so the Lords likewise found the same null, as being entered into by a Minor, having Curators without their Consent.

Against which Branch of the Decreet, *Tillicoutrie* urged. 1. That it was not proven that Sir Thomas was Minor, the Extract of his Age not being an sufficient Probation. 2. The Act of Curatory did not prove, unless the Warrant thereof subscribed by the Curators were produced. 3. It was not proven that the Curators were alive the time of the Contract. 4. Sir Thomas was not thereby lesed. 5. He did not revoke *inter annos utiles*, but on the contrair, did homologat the same by granting the Bond of provision to his Daughters.

To this it is Answered, that as the Contract does not in the least insinuat any Alteration of the Succession from the Heirs whatsoever to the Heirs-male, so the same proves the Minority of Sir Thomas the Granter, in regard it bears with consent of his Curators, which is never adhibite but to Minors, and seeing *Tillicoutrie* makes use thereof for his Tailzie, he must likewise make use of the same for proving the Minority, seeing he cannot both approbat and reprobate the same Writ, and though the Extract of his Age bearing so many honourable witnesses *in re tam antiqua*, be a sufficient Probation, yet it is here more full, being adminiculat by this Contract, bearing with consent of Curators, and by a Discharge granted by him in anno 1649, with consent of his Curators to the Lord Belhaven of certain Annualrents, which proves his Minority that year, and so infallably in the year 1648 preceeding, in which the contraverted Minut of Contract is dated.

As to the second, the Act of Curatory is produced, and the Decreet of the Lords opposed, bearing the same to have been compared with the Record, and to quadrate therewith, and to be marked in the Minut-book; and besides all this, there is produced a Factory by the said Sir Thomas with consent of his Curators thereto subscribing to William Livingstoun, appointing him Factor in anno 1647 shortly after the said Act of Curatory. 2. The Contract pursued upon in anno 1648 bears with consent of his Curators. 3. The Discharge of Annualrents to Belhaven in anno 1649, is granted by him and his Curators, each of which *per se* do prove the Curatory, and fully astruct the Act and Acceptation.

As to the third, That it is not proven that the Curators were alive the time of the Contract.

It is Answered, That the Curators are presumed alive, unless they had been proven dead, and here their being alive, appears by the Contract which bears with their consent. 2. The Discharge to Belhaven is subscribed by them one year thereafter 1649, which necessarily inferrs that they were alive the year preceeding 1648: And it is notour to many in the Parliament, that most of them were alive for many years thereafter, and Sir James Fowls of Collington is but lately dead.

To the fourth, That Sir Thomas was not thereby lesed, It is Answered, that the Deeds of Minors having Curators, without their consent, are *ipso jure* null, and so Læſion needs not be alledged, which has been so often decided, that the same is now become an uncontraverted Principle, as may appear by the Decision, the 7 December 1666, Sir George McKenzie contra Fareholm, and the 25 of December 1667, *inter eosdem*; And the 9 of December 1632, Maxwell contra the Earl of Nithsdale, and innumerable more Decisions observed both by Dury and Stair; And if Minors having Curators were obliged to Instruce læſion in the deeds done without their consent, then it were of no value or import to choose Curators, because where læſion is instructed, Minors are restored: however even against these deeds to which the Curators consent, but Curators being choſen, the want of their consent to the Minors Deed, renders the Deed null. And the Law gives this Reason for having Curators, *Magis decorum & honestum esse in tempore occurrere & providere ne minores capiantur, quam ut assiduis in plorationibus tribunalia personent*, which fully signifies, that where they want Curators, they must apply to the Judicatories, but where they have Curators, that that application is prevented by the nullity of the deed: And in general, where ever the Law requires a specifick Form or Solemnity in any act, if that Act be done without observing that Form or Solemnity it is null: Now it will not, nor cannot be contraverted, but that the Law requires that Minors having Curators ought to be authorized, when they enter into Contracts mutually obligatory, and of vast importance for their Families: And therefore the Contract here being Minor, and having entred into a Contract without observing the Forms of Law, the Deed is unquestionably null, and the very contract it self, if it did import a Tailzie as it does not, were a sufficient læſion, being the alteration of the Succession from the Heirs whatsoever, to the Heirs Male: And besides, there is an other obvious læſion, for thereby Sir Thomas provides his Lady to her Jointure, though the Marriage dissolve within the Year.

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To the Fifth, That he did not Revoke *inter annos utiles*, but Homologat the same, by granting a Bond of Provision to his Daughters.

To this it is answered, That the same is no ground of Appeal, because not alledged before the Lords, nor could be; for null Deeds need no Revocation. Deeds of Minors that require Revocation, are such as of their own nature subsist, and are Obligator: such as the Deeds of Minors wanting Curators, and the Deeds of Minors with the consent of their Curators. But the Deeds of Minors having Curators, without their Consent being *ipso jure* Null, *nullo tractu temporis possunt convalescere*. And no forraign Custom can regulat this Case, which is so fully and plainly regulat and determin'd by our Law.

As to the Homologation alledged upon. It is answered, 1. There is no Tailzie by the Contract. 2. The Bond of Provision granted on Death-bed, has no relation to the Tailzie, and so is no Homologation thereof. 3. Homologation is only inferred, where the Act of Homologation can be ascribed to any other Deed, but the Deed Homologat; but here Sir Thomas the Granter of the Bond of Provision, did not found the same upon the foresaid Contract, but upon the Tyce lying upon him by the Law of God and Nature to provide his Daughters, he having then an Heir-male of his own Body alive who did succeed him, his Daughters being absolutely unprovided: and so it is no Homologation of the Contract, but the Effect of his Duty. 2. The Bond clearly Insinuates the contrare, for the same binds his Heirs whatsoever, without any mention of his Heirs-male: And albeit it requires the Granter's Son, or any other who should succeed to his Estate, to fulfil the Provisions to the Daughters; yet that doth not import, that there was a Tailzie, and the Daughters excluded. But the Granter having a Son at the time, who was to succeed him, and might have Children, who whither Male or Female, would have excluded his own Daughters, being the Representatives of the eldest Son; therefore he requires in general, all whoever should succeed him, to fulfil the Provisions to his said Daughters.

This being Debate before the Committee for privat Affairs, it was their Opinion, that the Protest for remeid of Law at Till coultries Instance against the Co-heirs of Carnock, be Rejected, and the Sentence of the Lords of Session do stand in Force.

And now having gone through the Reasons of Till coultries Appeal, it remains to give some satisfaction to the Amusements that he hath insert in his Information. And first, whereas it was pretended, that this Tailzie was designed for preservation of the Memory of Sir Thomas Nicolson, which was indeed very worthy, and deserved to be represented; and that the Minut being to be extended at the sight of men of Law, no Lawyer would have Advised to extend it in any other Terms, than of a Tailzie to the Heirs-male. It is Answered, that if the design had been to continue, Sir Thomas his Memory it has been very ill laid; for the Lord Napier who was Sir Thomas Heir-male, lay under no Rebraint not to change his Name, and smother the Remembrance of his Family: and Till coultries Affairs give no Prospect that it can continue in the Name of Nicolson. And as to the Pretence, that a Lawyer would have extended the Minut in the Terms of a Tailzie to the Heirs-male. It is answered, it is likely enough indeed, that Till coultries Lawyers would now extend it so: but no Lawyer knowing the Provision of the Original Infeftments, could upon any Pretence of this Minut have fram'd a Tailzie; for it is observable, that in the whole Contract there is not an Obligement to provide, or resign in favours of the Heirs-male indefinitely; and therefore no body could have extended such an Obligement in their favours, without an extraordinary Byase. 2. Whereas it is pretended, that the Decreet of Session was carried by a casting Vote, and the best part of the Lawyers were against it; and therefore ought to have the less weight. It is answered, That this Alledgance is equally false and Irrelevant, and therefore deserves very little Consideration; for the Business was not decided by a narrow Plurality; and if it had been a single Vote as is pretended, yet is a Decreet of Session, and ought to be of great Force, unless the same were found unjust, which it cannot for the Reasons foresaid.

In Respect whereof, the Decreet of the Lords of Session in favours of the Heirs of Line, ought to be sustained, and the Heir-male condemned in large Expenses, for Appealing from the Sentence of the saids Lords without Ground,



## C O P I E

Contract Matrimoniall, betwixt Sir *Thomas Nicolson*, and Lady *Margaret Livingstoun*.

**A**N Minute of an Contract Matrimonial, to be extended betwixt the Honourable parties following, To wit, *Sir Tho: Nicolson* of *Carnock* Knight, with advice & consent of *Dam Isobel Henderfon* Lady *Carnock* his Mother & his Curators, under subscribing on the one part, and Lady *Margaret Livingstoun*, second Lawful Daughter to an Noble and Potent Earl, *Alexander Earl of Linlithgow*, Lord *Livingstoun* and *Callender*, &c. With advice and content of the said Noble Earl, *James Earl of Callender*, Lord *Livingstoun* of *Almond*, and *Falkirk* her Uncle, and of an Noble Lord, *George Lord Livingstoun* her Brother, and they for themselves and their own interests following; and the saids Noble Earl *Alexander*, Earl of *Linlithgow*, and *George Lord Livingstoun* his Son, taking the burden upon them for her, as Tutors, Guiders, and Administrators to her by the Law on the other part in manner after specified; That is to say, the saids *Sir Thomas* and Lady *Margaret*, with content above mentioned, has accepted, and be their presents, accepts either of them, others to be their Lawful Spouses, and Faithfully promises and obliges them to Solemnize the said Bond of Matrimony betwixt them in face of Holy Kirk betwixt the date Hie of      day of      next to come, or sooner if both parties shall think expedient, in respect of the whilk Marriage, and of the sum of Money after mentioned, to be payed in name of Tochar good; The said *Sir Thomas*, with advice and content of his said Mother and Curators above named, binds and obliges him, his Heirs and Successors with all possible diligence before the Solemnization of the said Marriage to infest and cease the said Lady *Margaret* his promised Spoule in her Virginity in Liferent, during all the      of      with manner, place, Houses biggings, Yards, Orchyards, Woods, Fishings, Coats, Couthoughs, Lynes, Lynes stone, parts, pendicles, and pertinents thereof whatsoever, lying within the Sherriffdom of *Sirling*; And that by his Two several Charters, containing precept of Seisin therein, and therout, Bearing the holding to be of the said *Sir Thomas* his Heirs Male, and Successors in Fee, Blench Fern for payment of an penny each money at *Whitsunday* yearly, upon the ground of the saids lands in name of *Blench Fern*, if the same be required. And the other of the saids Charters, Bear and the Holding to be tied, The said *Sir Thomas* and his forefairs of his immediate Superiours of the saids Lands, like, and as freely in all respects as he holds the same himself, and that either by resignation or Confirmation, as best shall please the said Lady *Margaret* and the saids Father, Uncle, and Brother, and for that effect to make particular Charters and procuratories of Resignation as oft, and whensoever he shall be desired thereof, & whilk bestowment of the Lands and others above written, to be made and granted to the said Lady *Margaret* in manner above contained, She with content above mentioned accepts in Contentation to her of all other Conjunct sic Liferent terce Right whatsoever, whilk she may ask or crave or may fall to her of any other of the said *Sir Thomas* his Lands be decease, if it shall happen her to survive him with sufficient clause of Warrantice to be contained in the saids Charters. Likeas the said *Sir Thomas* be the Tenor hereof with content of his Mother and Curators as bovenamed, now as if the saids Charters and Infestments were already past and perfected; and then as now binds & obliges him his Heirs Male of Tailzie and provision, Assigneys and Successors, to warrand all and hail the saids lands and Barronries of plain parts pendicles and Pertinents thereof foresaid Lynud as said is, to be safe & ture to the said Lady *Margaret* his promised Spoule in Liferent, during all the dayes of her Lifetime from all perills Dangers, and inconveniences may fall thereto at all hands, and against all deadly, and that the said Lady *Margaret* shall immediately after his decease enter to the peaceable Possession of the saids Lands and pertinents thereof, uplifting of the Males and Duties of the same, leting, using and Disponing thereupon as she shall think good, during her lifetime, and that notwithstanding of the said *Sir Thomas* his Death within a year after the said Marriage, and of any Law or Statute made or to be made in the contrair, and wherewith he with content of his said Mother and Curators above named

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has Dispensed, and be thir presents Dispenses for ever, providing the said Lady Margaret be comptable, and pay to his Heirs Male what the saids Lands shall pay, and be of more worth nor 4000 Merks Money, and likewise, with consent foresaid, to build upon the ground of the saids Lands to the said Lady Margaret, at the sight of the saids Father, Uncle, or Brother, an sufficient dwelling House for her to remain in, agreeable to one of her qualitie and degree, and in like manner, the said Sir Thomas, with consent above menioned, binds and obliges him and his forelaids, That the Heirs Male to be procreat betwixt him and his said promised Spouse shall not only succeed to the said Lands, Barronies, Heritages and summs of Money, whilk he presently has pertaining to him, but also to all and whatsoever he shall happen to conquest in the said Lady Margaret her lifetime, in respect whereof, and for the better provision of the Heirs female, that shall happen to be procreat betwixt him and his said future Spouse failzing of Heirs Male procreat betwixt them, And the said Sir Thomas with consent above written, Binds & obliges him his Heirs Male & successors whatsoever thankfully to pay and deliver to the saids Heirs Female if there be any, the Summ of

If their be two together of them the summ of \_\_\_\_\_ and if their be three more, the summ of \_\_\_\_\_. To be divided amongst them in manner following; That is to say, to the eldest the summ of \_\_\_\_\_. And the rest thereof to be equally divided amongst the rest of the saids Daughters or Heirs Female, and that how soon, as it shall happen the saids Heirs Female to come to the age of \_\_\_\_\_ years compleat; during the whilk time the said Sir Thomas his Heirs Male and Assignys whatsoever shall be bound and obliged to entertain the saids Heir female in Bed, Board, Abulziement and other things necessary according to their Estate and quality at the sight foresaid, for the whilk causes the said noble Earl Alexander Earl of Linlithgow and with advice and consent of the said Noble Earl James Earl of Callendar his Brother, and George Lord Livingston his Son, binds and obliges him, his Heirs, Executors and Assignys thankfully to content, pay and deliver to the said Sir Thomas his Heirs and Assignys in name of Tochar Good, with his said Daughter the summ of \_\_\_\_\_ betwixt the date hereof, and the feast and Term of \_\_\_\_\_ in the Year of GOD 16 \_\_\_\_\_ years but longer delay, together with the summs of \_\_\_\_\_ expenses in case of failzie; Finally both parties are content, and contents that this present Minut be extended in ample form be advice of Men of Judgement, betwixt the date hereof and the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ next to come, and after the extension thereof, both the saids Parties binds and obliges their Heirs and Successors to subscribe the same effably & lovingly, & the partie failzied obliges him & his forelaids, to pay to the partie obliger and repair the summ of \_\_\_\_\_ money above written for not performing of the same. And for the more firming, both the saids Parties have subscribed their names Minut; with the Contract to be extended hereupon be Clerk and Registrat in the Books of Counsel and Session; and a Decreet of the Lords thereof interponed thereto with Letters of Horning on six days, and all other Executorial and Letters necessary in form as effects may pass thereupon, and to that effect constitutes

their Procurators, In Witness whereof (written be Robert Maile Servitor to Mr. Andrew Ker Sherriff and Town Clerk of Linlithgow) Both the saids Parties have subscribed this Presents at Linlithgow & \_\_\_\_\_ the twentieth & \_\_\_\_\_ dayes of August, and \_\_\_\_\_ the year of GOD One thousand six hundred and fourtie eight, years; Before thir Witnesses James Lord Ochiltree, William Drummond of Rickartoun, Mr. George Dundas of Maier, and George Bell Provost of Linlithgow, Robert Stewart Burges thereof, and the said Mr. Andrew Ker Witnesses to the saids Sir Thomas Lady Margaret, Earl of Linlithgow, and his Ladies Subscriptions,



# Double Bond of Provision,

## Sir Thomas Nicolson to his Daughters.

**B**E it kend to all Men, be thir present Letters, Me Sir Thomas Nicolson of Carnock Knight; For as meikle as, Helenor, Isobel, Anna, and Margaret Nicolson, my Lawful Daughters, are not provided to a Competance of Means, wherby they may (at their mature Age) have Marriage, or otherwayes live in a Rank and Condition, according to their Birth; And seeing I am bound by the Law of GOD and Nature, to provide them according to my Ability and Estate. Therefore Wit ye me to be bound and ablidged, Likeas, I be the Tenor hereof, Bind and Oblidges me, my Heirs Executors and Successors to me, in my Lands and Heritages wha somever, to pay and deliver to my saids Daughters, the Summs of Money after specified, in manner at the times, and with the Provisions after mentioned, every one of them their own parts, as is after devided. To wit, To the said Helenor, the Summ of twelve thousand Merks Scots Money, To the said Isobel, the Summ of ten thousand Merks, To the said Anna, the Summ of eight thousand Merks, and to the said Margaret, the Summ of six thousand Merks, Money foresaid, and that immediatly at their Age of Fifteen years compleat, or if it sh<sup>d</sup> happen them to marry before that time, I Declare and Ordain the foresaid Provisions to be payed to them immediatly after their Lawful Marriage, with the Provision and Condition alwayes, that in case it shall happen any of my saids Daughters to depart this mortal Life before their Marriage, or within year and day after their Marriage. In that Case, their Provision above specified, is and shall be declared void and null, and as if this present Bond had not been granted to the Daughter deceased, and that Thomas Nicolson my eldest Lawful Son, or any other my Heirs and Successors, shall not be bound and oblidge for the same, But that the foresaid Provisions of the Daughter or Daughters deceased, shall remain and abide with my said Son, or any other who shall succeed to me. And sikklike, That it shall not be Lawful to any of my saids Daughters to assign or leave thir forenamed Provisions to any person or persons, in case they shall happen to decease before their Marriage, under the whilk Provision and Condition this present Bond is granted, and no other wayes; And if it shall happen, that the foresaid Summs be not payed to my saids Daughters at the time, & in manner above; so in that case I oblige me and my foresaid, To pay to them every one of them for their own parts, as is above exprest, the due and ordinar Annualrent of their saids Provisions, according to the Laws of this Kingdom, and that ay and while they be satisfied and payed of their several Summs abovementioned, and in regard that my saids Daughters have no maintenance and aliment at present, in case it should please GOD to remove me before they attain to their Age and years above specified; Therefore I oblige me and my foresaid, to pay to them and every one of them, or to their Tutors in their Names, the Summ of two hundred & fifty merks money foresaid yearly, frae the time of my decease, to their Age of teen years, or marriage, in manner abovementioned. And sikklike, I oblige and require the said Thomas Nicolson my Son, or any other who shall hapen to succeed to my Estate, and as they would expect the LORDS Blessing to prosper with them, That they obtemper, keep, fullfill and perform this present Bond of Provision to my saids Daughters, as they tender and respect their Wellfare, and as the Children gotten of my own Body, and that my Heirs and Successors object nothing against this present Bond, notwithstanding it be done and subscribed *in loco parentis*. And farther, I will and declare that thir presents shall be reput, holden and sustained as a sufficient Evident, and tye upon my Heirs, Notwithstanding the samen be not a delivered Evident, and found to be in my Custodie after my decease, and seriously recommends to the Honourable Lords of his Majesties Council and Session, and other Judges Competent, that they sustain this present Bond, (as a Tye and Oblidgment upon my Heirs, in case they should object or come in the contrair hereof, And for the more security, I am content thir Presents be Registrated in the Books of Council and Session, or other Books Competent, that Letter may be direct on six dayes, and Constitutes

Our Procurators, in witness whereof, I have subscribed thir presents, (written be David More Sherriiff Clerk of Stirling) at Carnock the twenty first of July, One thousand six hundred and sixty four years, Before thir Witnesses, William Livingstone Fiat of Kirkland, and the said David More.

Sic Subseribitur,  
Tho: Nicolson, Wm: Livingstone Witnesses, David Moir Witnesses.



[illegible]

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific information required.



